



ANNUAL POLICING PLAN
For The Year 2021-22
DISTRICT NAROWAL

District Police Officer
Narowal

PREFACE

Divine Order laid down in the Holy Quran being supreme and perpetual has remained practicable in all the eras of human history and will remain so for all times to come. According to the Holy Quran the forces of evil will dip operating parallel with the good but they would never dominate the later which will come out victorious ultimately. Struggle of Police for triumph of good knows no bounds, which is illustrated in glorious martyrdom of innumerable police officers for preservation of peace and order in the society. District Narowal have special Honor and distinction in this regard as its top Policeman, Tayyab Saeed Shaheed, District Police Officer, exhibited unprecedented courage in taking the bull of desperadoes by horns and laid down his life fighting out crime. His martyrdom has left indelible mark on the policing history of the district.

Narowal was generally a low crime area. Ordinary theft or petty fighting was the main crime of the area Poverty, unemployment, economic disparities and skewed distribution of recourses are the chief factors behind this crime surge. Geographical proximity with crime-infested districts of Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhpura is yet another factor promoting crime. Alongwith number, the pattern of crime has also undergoing transformation i.e. from purely rural to somewhat urbanized one. The changing patterns in crime and overall shift in the structure of the society has added new dimensions to policing as well. Now the policing means much more than simple crime fighting. Increasing public awareness and growth of media has forced the Police to devise new ways and means to cope with new trends in public response to crime. In this context the role of Police has transformed from simple theft catchers to mediators, facilitators, and opinion makers, which is reflected in its annual policing plans as well.

Although no particular area or the district may be categorized as crime infested areas yet, some parts of P.S Saddar Narowal, P.S Zafarwal and P.S Saddar Shakargarh may be categorized as particularly crime prone. Certain deterrent measures have been adopted to frustrate the vicious designs of the criminals. In this respect, patrolling in the urban areas and Thikri Pehra in the rural areas has been further intensified in order to thwart the onslaught of the criminals. Round the clock U.C squad remained in action to curb the crime. All out efforts are underway to provide prompt justice to the aggrieved persons and to maintain Law & Order in the district.

Rapid response, community policing, accountability, busting of gangs and crackdown against drug peddlers are the main targets and priorities of the District Police to be achieved in the year 2021. Supremacy of Law will be maintained at every cost. I pray to the Almighty Allah to bless the District Police with more zeal and zest so that they may deal with criminals, terrorists and evil forces of the society with more devotion and dedication.

(Kamran Mumtaz) PSP
District Police Officer,
Narowal

INTRODUCTION

District Narowal came into existence on 1st July 1991. Although, no documentary background of the district is available in the history, however certain indications as well as guideline regarding its creation as per aphorism of the eminent of the area are available. About 500 years ago in the era of Sikandar Lodhi in the year 1488, Hindus belonging to the Arya Tribe of District Multan embraced Islam at the hands of Habib ullah Shah a saint of the area. Nar Sing of the said tribe met Shah Shamash Tabraiz as per direction of the said saint. Nar Sing being desirous to build a new city requested Shah Shamash Tabraiz to pray for the completion of his desire and noble task. Shah Shamash Tabraiz sent his own son alongwith said Nar Sing towards Narowal. The tribe of said Nar Singh stationed permanently in the vicinity of Narowal. Later on the city was gradually known as Narowal.

District Narowal was the sub-division of District Sialkot that was elevated the status of district by the then Prime Minister of Pakistan during his visit to Narowal. In the year 1927 Narowal was established as sub-division of District Sialkot. With the inception of sub-division, certain offices as well as health units and railway station were established. Narowal was connected with Sialkot, Amritsar and Pathan Kot (India) through railway track. The railway station of Narowal was categorized as railway junction. Before the partition Zafarwal was the sub-division of district Gurdas Pur (India). In the year 1947 the said sub-division was amalgamated in the sub-division Narowal.

District Narowal is surrounded from its Eastern and Northern sides respectively with the Indian territory of Gurdas Pur, Amritsar, Jumu & Kashmir and Northwestern and Southern sides with District Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhpura. Total population of the district is about 1.8 million.

Narowal is a non-industrial district. The main source of income of the people is agriculture. Holdings are not large therefore; the financial condition of the public is not solid. The youth segment of society is reluctant to follow farming as a profession. Since they do not find any alternative source of income, consequently they engaged in criminal activities such as theft, robbery, dacoity and motor vehicle snatching etc. Economic disparity breeds crime against property.

District Narowal is adjacent to the Indian Territory and about 175 KM boarder belt segregates from the Indian Territory. District police has close liaison with the Rangers as well as other intelligence agencies in order to prevent infiltration of saboteurs across the border. Due to the certain stringent precautionary measures no untoward incident of sabotage and religious terrorism across the border took place in the district. All the major events, which may jeopardize the law & order situation, have been tactfully and amicable resolved and resultantly the law & order situation remained well under control of district Police.

The major towns are Ahmad Abad, Baddomalhi, Kanjrur, Kot Nainan, Dudhu Chack, Pindi Bhohri, Darman and Talwandi Bhindran. Narowal district is spreading over an area of 2337 Sq. Km comprising of following three Tehsils;

DISTRICT PROFILE

1	Came into being	01.07.1991
2	Population	18,36,150
3	Police Sub-divisions	04
4	Revenue Sub-Divisions	03
5	Police Stations	14
6	Police Posts	05
7	Area	2337 Sq. km
8	Villages	1308
9	Main Occupations	Agriculture & Trade
10	Literacy rate	Male 60% Female 40%

DETAIL OF CIRCLES

Circle Name	Police Stations	Name of Circle Officer
Head Quarter Circle	1. City Narowal	DSP/SDPO
	2. Saddar Narowal	Muhammad Ilyas
Saddar Circle	1. Ahmad Abad	DSP/SDPO Altaf Hussain
	2. Niddokey	
	3. Baddomalhi	
	4. Rayya Khas	
Zafarwal Circle	1. Zafarwal	DSP/SDPO
	2. Laiser Kalan	Muhammad Amir Malik
Shakargarh Circle	1. City Shakargarh	DSP/SDPO Muhammad Khalil Malik
	2. Saddar Shakargarh	
	3. Kot Nainan	
	4. Noor Kot	
	5. Shah Gharib	
	6. Chak Amru	

POLICE STATIONS

Sr. No.	Name of Police Stations.
1	City Narowal
2	Saddar Narowal
3	Zafarwal
4	Ahmad Abad
5	Niddokey
6	Baddomalhi
7	Rayya Khas
8	City Shakargarh
9	Saddar Shakargarh
10	Kot Nainan
11	Noor Kot
12	Shah Gharib
13	Laiser Kalan
14	Chak Amru

POLICE POSTS

Sr. No.	Police Posts
1	Domala
2	Bara Manga
3	Chammal
4	Pindi Bhorl
5	Tapyala

IMPORTANT TASKS PERFORMED BY THE POLICE DURING THE PRECEDING YEAR

Crime against Person:

Crime against person, under major heads i.e. Murder, Attempted Murders and Hurts.

Sr. #	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Murder	28	40	12	-
2	Attempt Murder	64	63	-	1
3	Hurt	218	241	23	-
4	Rape/Gang Rape	12	27	15	-
5	Kidnapping for Ransom	-	-	-	-

Crime against property:

Crime against property, under major heads i.e. Dacoity, robberies, burglaries & thefts.

Sr. #	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Dacoity	9	8	-	1
2	Robbery	75	305	230	-
3	Burglary	34	58	24	-
4	Cattle Theft	30	93	63	-
5	Theft	119	410	291	-

Auto Mobile Thefts:

Sr. No.	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Auto Theft	72	366	294	-

Harassment to Children and Woman:

Sr. No.	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Hurt	10	6	-	4
2	Rape	11	24	13	-
3	Sodomy	07	14	7	-
4	Kidnapping/Abduction	50	109	59	-

Action under local & special laws:

Sr. No.	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Weapons	539	355	-	184
2	Drugs	522	308	-	214
3	Misc.	161	210	49	-

Preventive measures:

Sr. No.	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	107/151 Cr.P.C	1713	2649	936	-
2	55/109 Cr.P.C	24	58	34	-
3	55/110 Cr.P.C	115	113	-	2

Traffic:

Sr. No.	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Number of Serious accidents	22	36	14	-
2	Number of persons killed	15	26	11	-
3	Number of person injured.	23	23	-	-

Gangs busted:

Sr. No.	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	No. of Gangs	33	28	-	5
2	Gangsters involved	120	85	-	35
3	Gangsters arrested	116	82	-	34
4	Old cases traced	130	142	12	-
5	Fresh cases register	138	83	-	55
6	Value of property recovered.	16307800	8555500	-	7752300

Recovered Property from Gangsters:

Sr. No.	Type of Vehicle	Recovery	
		2020	2021
1	Cars	-	-
2	MCs	58	51
3	Mobiles	50	6
4	Watches	-	1
5	Computers & Cameras	1	-
6	Other Vehicles	9	-
7	Cattles	11	2
8	Gold Ornaments	20 Tola	15 Tola
9	Bicycle	-	-

Illicit Arms Recovered from Gangsters:

Sr. No.	Type of Weapons	Recovery	
		2020	2021
1	Kalashnikov (AK-47)	-	-
2	Rifles	1	2
3	Gun 12 bore	6	1
4	Pistols	90	55
5	Revolvers	1	-
6	Carbines	-	-
7	Daggers	-	-
8	Cartridges	21	7

POS arrested. 01.01.2021 to update:

Sr.#	Heads	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Previous Balance	1030	1055	Increase	-
2	Added	916	653	-	Decrease
3	Arrested	953	723	-	Decrease
4	Balance	993	985	-	Decrease

CAs arrested:

Sr. No.	Heads		2021	Increase	Decrease
1	Previous Balance		2020	Increase	-
2	Added	1109	1002	-	Decrease
3	Arrested	803	313	-	Decrease
4	Balance	1308	1131	-	Decrease

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RESOURCES AVAILABLE**Police strength under various heads:**

Rank	Sanctioned Strength	Present Strength
SSP	1	1
SP	1	-
ASsP/DSsP/SPOs	5	5
DSP/Legal	2	-
Inspector	27	14
Sub-Inspector	74	72
Lady Sub-Inspector	-	5
Asst. Sub-Inspector	121	102
Lady Asst. Sub-Inspector	1	1
Head Constable	126	116
Lady Head Constable	-	01
Constable	1083	963
Lady Constable	07	29

Transport:

Sr. No.	Type of vehicle	Available	Required	Shortage
1	Cars	1	2	1
2	Jeeps	2	-	-
3	Pick-Up	66	10	10
4	Prison Van	4	2	2
5	Bus	2	1	1
6	Ambulance	1	1	1
7	Truck	-	2	2
8	Laboratory	-	-	-
9	Canteen	-	-	-
10	TO-Truck	-	-	-
11	Crane	-	1	1
12	M/Cycle	67	50	50

Communication:

Sr. No.	Type of vehicle	Available
1	H.F. Set	7
2	VHF Base Set	19
3	VHF Mobile Set	136
4	VHF Pocket Set	190

Technology:

Sr. No.	Type of vehicle	Available
1	Computer P-IV	12
2	Photo copy machine	-
3	Rex Rotary	-
4	Exchange computer	-
5	Printer	1
6	Fax Machine	2

Transport:

Sr. No.	Type of Vehicle	Available
1	Staff Cars	1
2	Truck	-
3	54 Seater bus	2
4	Mobile canteen	1
5	Jeep	3
6	Pick Up Double cabin	2
7	Pick Up	57
8	Prisoner Van	4
9	Ambulance	1
10	APC	-
11	Motor Cycles	68
12	Mini Bus	-

TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED

The Narowal Police had fixed priorities in order to gear up the performance for the year of 2020-2021. Industrious efforts were made to achieve the goal and it is worthwhile to mention here that District Police during the above period under reference tried its best to achieve the target and almost succeeded. In the same way during the year 2021-2022, following operational and administrative targets have been fixed in order to control the crime and criminals as well as to improve the working of the District Police.

OPERATIONAL TARGETS

Operational Plan:

- Information collection about criminals.
- Monitoring their activities by police personnel.
- One information by every uniform person in every month about criminals is being collected and action is followed.
- To reduce crime by making CIA more functional and operational.
- Compromise in old enmity between the parties through police officers with the help of members of crime control committees.
- Campaign against non-registered vehicles to reduce the crime.
- Random raids at the hideout of criminals.
- Effective ban on display of weapons.
- Arrest of POs and CAs especially top 20.
- Special campaign against cattle theft.
- Action against misuse of load speaker.
- Special campaign against criminal record holders.
- Ban against chanda collection for proscribed originations.
- Deployment of Police personnel at Banks, Money changers, post offices and Key installation.
- Monitoring of criminals through CCTV cameras especially at place of public gathering.
- Free registration.
- Strict instructions have been issued for finalization of investigation within the stipulated period.
- Special security plans for Moharram-ul-Harram and Ramzan-ul-Mubarak are launched to avoid any untoward incident.
- Well reputed and trained staff has been deputed in investigation to achieve the target of fair, free and speedy investigation.
- Stringent action against Qabza Mafia.
- To reduce cases of Murder, Attempt to murder and Hurt.
- Busting of gangs.

ADMINISTRATIVE TARGETS

- Deployment of experienced, professional and seasoned Police officers as SHOs.
- Close liaison with other intelligence agencies in order to ensure effective combat with the menace of terrorism.
- Computerization of the record.
- Improvement in accountability.
- Effective use of ATA cell to deter terrorism.
- SOP has been issued for proper security of foreigners.
- All patrolling vehicles have been monitoring through tracker system installed at DPO office.
- IAD.
- Special campaign has been launched in the district to improve *Thana* cultures.
- Special focus, to ensure merit during recruitment.

- Special capacity building and refresher courses have been arranged to upgrade the training standard of the Police force.
- Special focus regarding welfare of Police force including retired personnel and heirs of martyred.

Documentation of the Punjab governance programme:

- Holding of regular open Katcheries.
- Establishment of complaint cell.
- Establishment of Model Police Stations.
- Installation of trackers in official vehicles to monitor their movements.
- Union council based patrolling and surveillance system.
- Reconciliation committees.
- Accountability of Police personnel.
- Zero tolerance on corruption.
- Holding of investigating courses.
- Citizen Police Liaison committee.
- Police welfare i.e. Hospital, Mess, Library, Mosques, Redressal of Grievances, distribution of Investigation Bags, Renovation of Police Buildings.
- Selection of target cases for speedy trial.
- Emphasis on preventive, proactive and pre-emptive policing.
- Reporting rooms.
- Effective campaign/strategy to arrest the top 20 POs.
- Operation cleans up in crime infested areas.
- Introduction of Thekri Pehra.
- Ladies complaint cell in model Police Stations.
- Holding of Criminal District Coordination Meeting With Judges/Prosecutors.

Terrorism:

The event of 9/11 and developments henceforth have added new dimensions to terrorist activities and suicide attacks as a result of which the police forces in the world are facing this phenomenon, which is difficult to tackle. However, Narowal Police is also facing a challenge of combating other forms of terrorism. By the grace of Almighty Allah, no incident of such type has been taken place in the district so far.

VVIP/foreigners security:

The District Police has deep concern with the security of VIP/VVIPs and Foreigners as well. It is worthwhile to mention here that temple of Baba Guru Nanak is situated in district Narowal and followers of Baba Guru Nanak gathered there from different parts of the world and District Police is providing fool proof security arrangements in this regard. The District Police also vigilantly furnishing security to elective representative as MPAs, MNAs including Ministers. The Narowal Police is not ignorant to the security of foreigners they are working here as experts in various projects.

Murder:

The state of crime under this head has been fluctuating during the last five years. The figure under this head was 38 in 2016, 41 in 2017, 42 in 2018, 12 in 2019, 28 in 2020 and 40 in 2021. Keeping in view the geographic area, it is not an alarming situation, but this crime can be reduced through effective and efficient preventive action and increased detection of crime.

Attempted murder:

There has been fluctuation under this head, during last five years. The figure under this head was 59 in 2016, 64 in 2017, 79 in 2018, 25 in 2019, 64 in 2020 and 63 in 2021.

Hurt:

This is the major crime of the District; it has shown fluctuation during the last five years. As per reported cases under this head are 2016-362, 2017-385, 2018-298, 2019-123, 2020-218 and 2021-241.

The main reasons for this crime are:

- Grave and sudden provocation.
- Petty disputes.
- Egoism.
- Illiteracy.
- Dispute over property/land.

To reduce this crime following methodology would be pursued:

- Adopting adequate preventive measures in cases involving previous animosity.
- Advance information regarding likely clash between rival parties.
- Proper monitoring of the performance of beat officer and DFCs.
- Identify old enmities/disputes and meaningful efforts be made in this context to settle the core issues.
- Constitute Masalehati Committees at Union Council level.
- Carrying out effective patrolling, taking timely preventive action and involving community in problem solving at police station level.

Accidents:

Fatal accidents have shown fluctuation, as reported cases were 45 in 2016, 36 in 2017, 60 in 2018, 11 in 2019, 22 in 2020 and 36 in 2021. The non-fatal accidents have, however, remained almost constant. Such cases can be reduced by making the Traffic Police more vigilant and efficient. It is hoped that the initiative in form of "Model Traffic Police" will help a lot in decreasing the accident rate in District Narowal. Stern action would be taken against the over-speeding vehicles. Moreover, efforts have been made to widen the Shakargarh-Sialkot and Lahore road as majority of fatal accidents occur on it.

Dacoity:

Incidents of Dacoity have shown fluctuation during the last five years. These were 5 in 2017, 7 in 2018, 8 in 2019, 9 in 2020 and 8 in 2021. Many factors contribute committing this heinous crime. Some of the major causes are listed below:

- a. Easy availability of weapons.
- b. Unemployment.
- c. Promotion of materialism through media.

This crime can be reduced through effective patrolling, busting of gangs, use of modern techniques, and involvement of community.

Robbery:

Incidents of robbery has shown an increase during the period under review as reported cases were, 111 in 2017, 136 in 2018 and 63 in 2019, 75 in 2020 and 305 in 2021. Narowal Police carries huge responsibility of reducing this crime by effective patrolling, busting of gangs, prompt arrest of offenders, and involvement of community.

Kidnapping/abduction:

This crime remained more or less fluctuating during the last five years. However this crime showed overall decrease. Reported cases were 159 in 2014,103 in 2015,104 in 2016,126 in 2017,149 in 2018 and 32 in 2019. Narowal Police has devoted special attention to this menace. Since Narowal is an industrial city, therefore, the crime has every likelihood to thrive Narowal Police deserves credit for dealing criminal with an iron hand.

Motor Vehicle Theft:

This crime has also shown fluctuation during the last five years as 76 cases were reported in 111 in 2017, 106 in 2018, 42 in 2019, 72 in 2020 and 366 in 2021. It will not be unfair to say that this crime has become the most organized crime of the district and a large number of gangs are involved in it. Important factors that contribute in the increase of motor vehicle theft are as follow:

- a. Unsecured parking at commercial centers, public places and outside house.
- b. Proximity to NWFP and Azad Kashmir.
- c. Increased number of Vehicles because of leasing facility.

This crime can be reduced by adopting following measures:

- Involvement of community.
- Installation of security systems in the vehicles.
- Establishment of regular parking areas by T.M.A
- Use of modern techniques like cameras/CCTVs.
- Establishment of city checking posts at all entry/exit points.
- Busting of organized gangs.

Arms:

In terms of registration, this is the major crime of the district. Reported cases were 296 in 2017, 357 in 2018, 209 in 2019, 539 in 2020 and 355 in 2021. An operation clean-up is proposed against the illegal arms dealers in the District. A close eye would be kept on the sale/purchase bargaining of the dealers every fortnightly.

PROTECTING PROPERTY OF CITIZENS

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets:

- Use of existing and new intelligence systems to redirect patrolling.
- Preventive initiatives.
- Progressive crime reduction, preventive indicatives and advice to motorists.
- Work with other agencies such as police forces of other areas.
- Encourage installation of security systems in vehicles.
- Keeping under constant review and close supervision the working under this head in respect of Police Stations City & Saddar.

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets:

- Systemic and focused patrolling of the area.
- Developing close liaison with community for awareness and passing on information to police.
- Preventive action based upon surveillance of bad characters of the area spreading human intelligence network.
- Keep under constant review and close supervision the working this head in respect of Police Stations City, Civil Line, Saddar Narowal.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES TO AVERT INCIDENTS OF CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY AND PERSONS

Crime against property:

Following measures would be adopted for the prevention of crime against property. These measures are not specifically meant for crime against property but include other crimes also:

- Union Councils are divided in beats and two Motorbikes (rider Squads) are allocated to each union Council. These Motor Bike Squads are known as UC Squad. A network of this system has been established in all 124 union council of the district in order to prevent crime particularly under the head of violent crime against property. One upper subordinate, four constables, two motorcycles, 2 SMG Guns, 2 Pistols, One wireless set have been provided each to all the 124 Union councils of the district. The armed UC Squads conduct patrolling in the jurisdiction of the respective union councils. They collect valuable secret information regarding the movement of POs, CAs, TOs and MDs

in their respective jurisdiction. Efforts would be made to enhance efficiency and effectiveness of the network to its maximum.

- Particular emphasis has been focused on patrolling on official. Shift wise patrolling in the urban and rural areas is conducted. Previous criminal record reveals that majority of the occurrences of violent crime against property took place between 4 PM to 3 AM. Patrolling on official vehicles all out the district is being made in the above peak hours.
- "Thekree Pehra" will be introduced in the rural areas. It will be supervised by Beat officers of the concerned Police Station. There is no denying the fact that Thekri Pehra is highly important in preventing rural crimes particularly cattle theft.
- Movements of previous record holders are being regularly monitored by the respective police stations.
- Suspected persons are being interrogated and their physical remand obtained u/s 54 Cr. Pc. if reasonable suspicion exists against them.
- Cases of robberies and dacoits are being vigorously perused in the courts. Maximum punishments in the cases where the prosecution witnesses support the prosecution will be obtained.
- History sheets of all the previous record holders have been prepared and would be updated on regular basis.
- Pos of the district have been individually distributed among the beat officers for their early arrest.
- Random and regular raids on the residence of declared and suspected criminals with be carried out.
- General hold up at strategic points is being regularly conducted to nab the criminals in surprise and recover the stolen articles.
- SOS calls are being made off and on in order to assess the efficiency and potential of the force to chase the target.
- District Police has constant liaison with the superintendent jail. Complete antecedents of the bailed out criminals are obtained for their strict surveillance.

Crime against person:

- Complete or incomplete challans of the cases are being submitted in the courts within mandatory period of 14 days as envisaged in section 167 Cr. Pc.
- Old enmities exist among the people of subdivisions. Proceedings u/s 107/151 Cr. Pc. will be promptly invoked where apprehension of further escalation of tension or reasonable ground exists that any party may jeopardize the peace.
- Certain stringent measures in order to safeguard the life, honor and property of the people have been adopted. Particular attention has been diverted to bound down the notables of rival parties against the heavy amount and sureties u/s 107/151 Cr. Pc.
- Vigorous prosecution of cases is being made in the courts for getting maximum punishments. Parties involved in cases under the head of crime against Persons, bridge their differences during the pendency of case, consequently, accused get acquittal due to compromise. The codified law has also extended certain concessions to the accused and

hence sometimes the accused are acquitted in view of the certain material discrepancies in the statements of the witnesses. Efforts would be made to ensure punishments to accused.

- Cancellation of licensed weapons used in the occurrences is being made promptly.

Measures to Stop Road Accidents As Well As Other Infringements of Traffic Rules:

Following actions would be ensured:

- Vehicles involved in accidents are impounded promptly.
- Cancellations reports of driving licenses of the drivers involved in fatal accident would be immediately sent to the concerned department.
- Awareness campaign regarding traffic rules among masses would be initiated.
- Heavy fines are imposed for deterrent impact.

Preventive measures to stop escape from police custody:

- Police force including Elite is deployed as escort the vehicles of under trail accused persons during their production in the criminal courts at Shakargarh, Zafarwal as well as district Head Quarters Narowal.
- Wireless fitted vans transport the under trail accused from district jail Sialkot to the concerned criminal courts of the district.
- All the SDPOs and SHOs of the District have been directed to deploy armed police personnel at “Havalats” in order to minimize the incidents of escape of the accused.

LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS

Objective:

To increase police activity in taking cognizance in genuine cases under local and special laws.

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets:

- a. Activation of Police force to increase activities in connection with taking cognizance under the law.
- b. To monitor periodically activity under local and special laws in respect of all police stations of the district.
- c. The offences falling under arms ordinance, CNSA, prohibition order and gambling act would be curtailed by timely and prompt action. The habitual offenders act, gonda ordinance, preventive action u/s 55/109, 55/110, 107/150, 107/151 Cr. Pc. would be initiated for the purpose.

Recovery of tempered vehicles and stolen property:

Key actions to meet the objectives and deliver targets:

- Increase police mobility at all entry and exit points of Narowal.
- Intelligence gathering and sharing of information to fulfill the targets.
- Effective surveillance of habitual offenders.

Fool Proof Security Arrangements At Religious Gatherings/Public Meetings:

In order to ensure law & order and protection of participants' at all religious and public gathering, following methodology would be adopted:

- Detailed contingency plan would be prepared for Law & Order situations arising out of Sectarianism/inter-faith issues/blasphemy or any other issue having religious connotation.
- In order to associate different opinion leaders, meetings with religious leaders/Ulemas/Mashaikh/Professionals/Businessmen/persons integrity etc would be regularly held. The Peace Committees would be constituted representing people having good judgment who command respect and have effective following in their communities.
- Seminars/Conferences on religious harmony at local level would also be arranged to bring communities in harmony.
- Meeting of Inter-faith Harmony Committees would be held regularly to bridge the gap between different religious communities.
- Monthly Meetings to review Law & Order situations would be held without fail.
- The activities of Khatib, fanning, hatred would be effectively checked and discussed during Monthly Law & Order meetings.
- Prompt action would be initiated in cases of miss-use of loudspeaker and reviewed during monthly Law & Order Meetings.
- Action against the distribution of hate – literature, and appearing of wall-chalking against different sects would be reviewed regularly.
- The venue of religious public gatherings would be protected by deploying uniformed/plan clothed armed Police personnel.
- The management of religious gatherings would be asked to deploy their volunteers at the entry-points of venue in order to check the suspicious elements.
- Metal detectors would be invariably used.
- The management of religious gatherings would be asked to restrict the entry/exit points, so that the checking process could easily be performed.
- The management of gathering would be asked to bind down the guests/scholars to avoid indulgence in sectarianism.

RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO DISTRICT POLICE NAROWAL

Arms and Ammunitions:

Details of arms/ ammunition and Anti-Riot/Security Equipment available to the Narowal Police are as under:

Sr. No	Kind of weapon	Total	Ammunition available in Kot.
1.	Rifle G-3	135	13736
2.	Rifle SMG	309	42220
3.	Rifle MP-5	153	32928
4.	Revolver 38 bore Special	48	1752

5.	Revolver 455 bore	20	1000
6.	Rubber Bullet	1488	-
7.	Jacket Bullet Proof	262	
8.	Pump Action 12 bore	77	8592
9.	Rifle 22 bore	10	810
10.	Rifle Muscat 410 bore	123	2219
11.	Grenade Launcher	35	-
12.	Beretta Pistol	95	-

Anti-Riot/Security Equipment:

Sr. No.	Name of Equipment	No. of Equipment.
1	Anti-Riot Shield	314
2	Bamboo Lathi/ lathibance	95
3	Polo-stick	224
4	Mega Phone	22
5	Loudspeaker	01
6	Metal detector	122
7	Gas Mask	29
8	Night Vision Device	-
9	Rubber Bullets.	863
10	Bullet Proof Jacket	58
11	First-Aid-Box	-
12	Bandoliers	-
13	Rubber Bullet-Gun	35
14	Tear gas Grenade	50
15	Launcher Grenade Gun	35
16	Plastic Helmet	423
17	Fiber Glass Helmet	-

The importance of policing in present days rapidly changing environment, calls for increased and efficient service to the people. Hence, provision of appropriate security cover cannot be under estimated. Police Performance today is being assessed, evaluated, and analyzed by the demanding public and critical media. Therefore, it is essential that the traditional methods of policing should gradually be replaced with of scientific, organized study of crime and in accordance with needs and expectations of the society. This paradigm shift in attitudes and methods is only possible if policing is not haphazard or wayward but is based on a well considered plan focused on measurable targets along with the action plan to achieve the specified objectives.

Police Order 2002 has made it mandatory for the Head of the District Police to chalk out annual policing plan in the light of prevalent crime and visible trends by setting up

measurable goals and objectives. It clearly determines priorities that shall be addressed during the next twelve months. These priorities have been set while taking into consideration a wide ranging agenda for the District Police with the aim of providing improved service for making Narowal District safer for the people.

Our aim is to attain excellence for the Narowal Police by establishing rule of law, ensuring human rights, and providing relief to the citizens against the activities of the criminals. These objectives cannot be achieved by the efforts of Police alone, unless it is supplemented by wielding a meaningful Police-Public co-operation.

With limited resources, the Narowal police is striving to deal with multifarious problem and given the needed recourses it will give a better result of its performance during the next twelve months by providing better service delivery to the people and controlling increasing incidents of crime.
