

ANNUAL POLICING PLAN **FOR THE YEAR 2017-18**



DISTRICT BAHAWALPUR

**District Police Officer
Bahawalpur**



INTRODUCTION

With the changing scenario of the world, quality policing has emerged as an essential ingredient to maintain law & order situation and to create a crime free environment. With changing modus-operandi and use of sophisticated weapons by the criminals, there was need to equip the police with modern gadgets and means so that the criminals could be dealt with iron hands. Alhamd-o-lilah, now the resources have increased because of better means of communication and more vehicles, quality policing by minimizing the response time and quick action, better control over crime has become possible.

Ongoing policing plan for the year 2017-2018 is an elaboration of performance, achievements and further targets of police of this district. The paramount importance shall be given to consultation with the people, more training to the force to fight against terrorism with commitment, dedication and devotion.

The precise history regarding etymology of the name “Bahawalpur” is as under. The present district of Bahawalpur was previously known as “Bahmanabad”. In 1729 Nawab Amir Sir Sadiq Muhammad Khan Abbasi conquered it. His son “Nawab Amir Bahawal Khan” when came into power, he established capital of his State at Bahmanabad and named it after his own name as “Bahawalpur”. Accordingly, the whole State owned by him was also named as Bahawalpur State. Being populated by Muslims in majority, the ruler of the State opted for Pakistan in the year 1947. The present Bahawalpur District was created on 14th October 1955. It consists of following 6 sub-Divisions namely: -

- City Bahawalpur.
- Sadar Bahawalpur.

- Yazman.
- Ahmedpur East.
- Hasilpur.
- Khairpur Tamewali.

DISTRICT PROFILE

District Established in	=	14 Oct 1955 AD
Population	=	4.2 Million(Estimated)
Area	=	24,830 Sq K.Ms
Density	=	108.7 Person/sq:Ms.Av
Villages	=	714
Union Councils	=	107 + Cantonment
Literacy rate	=	48.10 %
Tehsils	=	06
Main Occupation	=	Agriculture, Industry, Trade
Road Network	=	2401 K.M
National Airport	=	01
Railway Lines	=	210 K.M
River Indus	=	10 K.M
River Sutlej	=	200 K.M
Police Sub-divisions	=	06
Police Stations	=	24
Police Posts	=	11
Total Patrolling Posts	=	17
Functional	=	17
Non functional	=	-
Police Population Ratio	=	1:1580
Crime Population Ratio	=	1:525
Average Annual Crime	=	8075

The territory of Bahawalpur district lies between the latitude of 27-48 to 29-50 North and between the longitudes of 70– 54 to 70–50 East. The district forms one of the southern parts of the Province of Punjab and is situated almost in the center of the country at the eastern border at an elevation of 152 meters from the sea level. The general slope of the district towards the sea is gentle, with an average gradient of 0.19 meter a kilometer. The average length from north to south is about 178 kilometers and breadth from east to west is 139 Kilometers.

Physical features:

The district Bahawalpur, from all the sides, is land locked. In the South and South East, the Cholistan reaches the Indian border whereas in the north it runs parallel to the southern part of the Punjab plains and river Satluj makes common border with the Lodhran, Muzaffargarh and Vehari Districts.

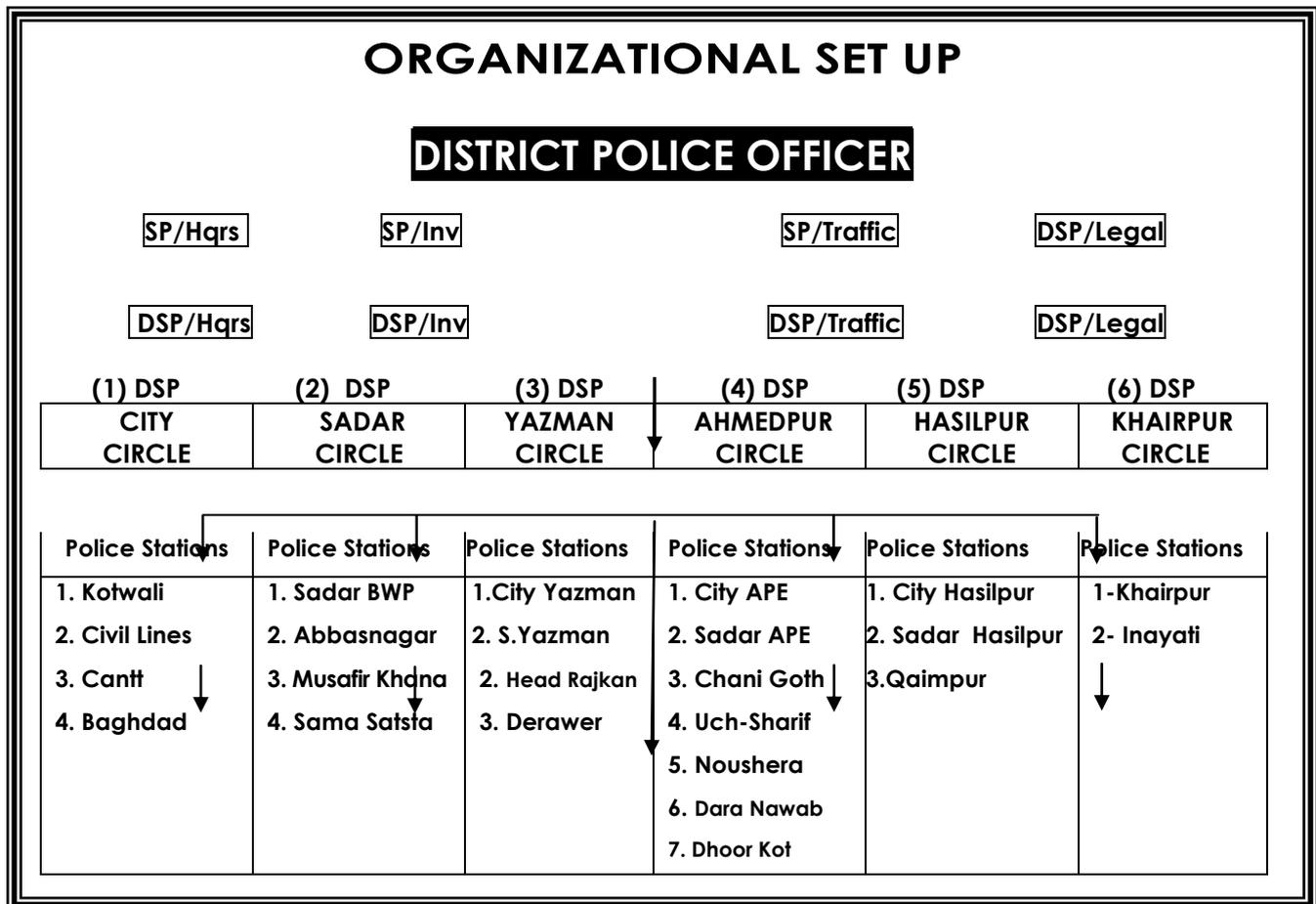
Topography:

The district Bahawalpur topologically can be divided into three parts i.e. the riverian area, the plain area and the desert area. The riverian area lies close to the river Satluj which flows from the north along its boundary with Vehari, Lodhran, Multan and Muzaffar Garh districts. The area is inundated during floods. The irrigated track is higher than the riverian area. Most of the land has been brought under cultivation. The desert area is known as "Cholistan". It lies to the south and east of the irrigated track and north of the desert of Bikanir and Jaisalmir of India. It extends along the entire eastern boundary of Bahawalnagar district in the North and Rahimyar Khan district in the south. The surface of the desert consists of a succession of sand dunes rising in some places.

The barren tract of Cholistan/Rohi is inhabited by nomadic shepherds. It is actually a part of Indian desert known as “ THAR”. Cholistan means waterless-waste land. Cholistan has been declared as GAME RESERVE (JEEP RALLY).

The former Bahawalpur State, which consisted of only two districts of Bahawalpur and Rahimyar Khan, was later on categorized into three districts with the addition of Bahawalnagar District.

Before 1866, there was no Police Department in the Old Bahawalpur State. The regular Police Department came into being in 1867. Then, for the first time, Police Stations were established in Bahawalpur. The District Headquarters lies on the main Lahore - Karachi Railway line of Pakistan Railways. The Karachi, Lahore, Peshawar Road (KLP Road) also passes through it. It is also linked with the Provincial Capital Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad through P.I.A.



POLICING PLAN

- Prevention of crime through proactive Methodology
- Improvement in overall operational capability
- Identifying, assessing, deciding and implementing new and improved crime prevention measures.
- Intensified patrolling by Watch & Ward
- Result oriented pro-active crime preventing measures
- SOPs for the prevention of sabotage/terrorism
- Extended co-ordination with intelligence agencies
- Interaction between Watch & Ward, Investigation and patrolling posts staff in order to maximum control over law & order
- Holding of Nakabandies and General holdups
- Maintenance of history sheets of hardened criminals and habitual offenders
- Improved efficiency/output of Rescue-15 centers by reducing response time
- Identification of crime pockets and their removal
- Elimination of net works of criminals
- Promotion of inter district police co-ordinations
- Community Policing
- Computerization record of criminals
- Elimination of Social Evils
- Improve intelligence collections
- Improve police image

- Reduce traffic incidents
- Improve police training

DRIVE AGAINST HARDENED CRIMINALS:

Concrete steps will be taken for the arrest of Proclaimed Offenders and absconders of cases of murder, robbery, dacoity and kidnapping for ransom by updating lists, crackdown on hide outs, completion of record and by name allocation of P.Os to dedicated teams. Following procedural measures will be taken to achieve maximum results.

- Proceedings u/s 88 Cr.PC are being initiated against all proclaimed offenders.
- Action u/s 514 Cr.PC against sureties of court absconders.
- Daily supervision of campaign with strict accountability.
- Fixation of head money for hardened P.Os/terrorists.
- Publicity of P.Os with photographs in print/electric media.
- Establishment of dedicated teams.

MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC ORDER

Following guidelines are mandatory to follow in order to maintain public order:-

- Maintenance of public peace and order during public protests, power riots religious riots etc.
- Maintenance of peace on national days and special occasions.
- In unison with notables of the area and various pressure groups like traders and Ulema for maintaining peace and order in accordance with government policy.
- Activation of Peace Committees at Police Station level to develop interfaith harmony between the people.

- Metal Detectors, Security measures adopted to guard sensitive Masajid/Imam Bargahs.
- Entry to all special events through Walk Through Gates.
- Installation of CCTV Cameras on all sensitive installations.
- Re-organized CPLC.

COMBATING TERRORISM:

The following measures in the counter terrorism strategy are being pursued by District Police.

Activists of banned extremist organizations are closely monitored.

- 4th Schedule list revised and updated on regular basis to include ATBs , RAPs and JM.
- Action against misuse of loud speakers, wall chalking and Hate Material.
- Crack down on Chanda Collection by banned organizations.
- Special duties deployed on the mosques and other places of worship at the time of prayers.
- Local media & TV Channals have been sensitized regarding Government Policy/action in combating terrorism.
- Coordination with other agencies.
- List of all stolen/snatched mobile phones to be shared with mobile phone operators for IMEI tracking on an ongoing basis.

SECURITY OF KEY INSTALLATIONS AND FOREIGNERS

Free registration of cases:

The Registration of FIR should be based on the principle of free, fair and forthwith documentation of information. The concept of "*Free Registration of FIR*" is being put forward as a tool of cultural transformation.

- i) Open door policy-Establishing complaint centres and holding Khuli Katchehries up to SHO level.
- ii) At District Level complaint cell has been established to monitor the progress in each case/complaint.
- iii) An application containing the grounds based on cognizable offences is made, cases should immediately, be registered under the relevant provisions of law.
- iv) In case of complaints from sub-division, supervisory officers, SDPOs and SHOs shall also be dealt with departmentally for poor supervision. Letter of displeasure/SCN for failure of command are being issued.
- v) Rescue 15 Centers being established shall also function as reporting center.
- vi) The wireless control shall maintain a register. All offences, incidents of theft, robbery/Dacoity and Auto Theft shall be recorded in that register. The operator of wireless control submitted a copy of his report to the District Police Officer every morning.
- vii) If a report constituting a cognizable offence is reported and its registration is avoided or omitted by SHO or the senior police officer present in the police station at time of receipt of complaint and the moharir shall render themselves liable to the imposition of punishment of major penalty as laid down in the E&D rules 1975.

FAIR AND SPEEDY INVESTIGATION

- Superintendent of Police investigation has been appointed as head of investigation wing. Transparency and fair play are the main objectives in conducting investigations of the cases.
- The investigation officers adopt different techniques which are cases specific. Such method rarely produces any evidentiary leads. The techniques like thorough interviews and interrogations, surveillance and various tests are important tools of investigation.
- Hard efforts are being materialized for submission of challan within stipulated period of time.
- Early trial of criminal cases ensured through vigorous prosecution.
- Complete/Incomplete challan and interim reports u/s 173 Cr.PC will be submitted in courts within stipulated period of time.
- Investigation teams will be constituted in Kidnapping for ransom cases.
- Refresher courses are being conducted for investigating officer with the help of judiciary and prosecution department.

PREVENTION OF CRIME:

- Check criminal record of previous five years.
- Identified gangs of robbers and Auto snatchers and re-arrest them, get their bails cancelled and prosecute them successfully.
- Utilization of preventive laws.
- New history sheets should be opened with effective supervision by SDPOs who should registered their personal comments it.
- Preparation of photo albums by CRO.

- Establishment of street crimes squads.
- Intelligence sharing with special branch/CTD.
- Identifying crime hot spots, timings, locations, patterns.
- G.Os Patrolling between 6:00 PM to 1:00 AM.
- Display of photographs of criminals at conspicuous places, police station, news papers and T.V etc.
- Emergency/Search lights provided to SDPOs/SHOs to use during patrolling Rural Area.
- CCTV surveillance of shopping mall/high risk areas/streets.
- Utilization of Punjab Highway Police for Naka Bandi and General Hold Up.

IMPROVEMENT OF POLICE IMAGE:

For enhancing the Public confidence in police, the following measures are being taken:-

- Open Course are being held regularly at DPO, SDPO and SHO level to attend public complaints.
- Rescue 15 is functional around the clock.
- Close liaison with media to project the soft image of police.
- Achievements of police are being publicized.
- Prompt/free registration of cases.
- Meaningful/Visible patrolling to restore public confidence and minimize crime.
- Prevention of public peace and ensuring safety of Citizen.
- Ensuring fair investigation of cases.
- Complaint Cell has been established in DPO office.
- Organization of seminars, workshops and surveys on police image.

- Citizen feedback system reorganized CPLC.
- Front Desk Established at PS Level.

CHANGE IN THANA CULTURE:

- In order to improve the image of Police in general public, change in “Thana Culture” is indispensable. In order to achieve this goal, a well furnished reception room has been constructed at each police station to provide the complainants friendly and congenial environment.
- Upper Sub-ordinates have been posted as D.O at all Police Stations to deal with the public.
- Strict accountability is being ensured. Complaints against police personnel are decided on priority basis and delinquents are being punished adequately.
- District Complaints Cell & PCA are exercising their role effectively.
- Free and genuine registration of FIRs.
- Rapid arrest of accused persons/criminals.
- Timely submission of challan within stipulated period.
- Liaison with prosecution branch.
- Refresher Course for investigation officers.
- Front Desk Established at PS Level.

COMMUNITY POLICING:

Public cooperation is of paramount importance for intelligence collection, combating crime, maintaining Law and Order and delivering justice. Its importance is increased particularly during Muharram, Ramzan or other periods of religious significance or political turmoil. With this objective one can underestimate the significance of police-public relationship. Therefore, we aim to keep ourselves in constant contact with media-men NGOs workers, public representatives, members

of Peace/Mohafiz Committees and such other people representing the cross section all segments of society.

ACCOUNTABILITY:

- Effective police accountability is essential for improvement of policing culture in district.
- Formal and Informal are being by DPO and SDPO.
- Disciplinary actions are being initiated under R&D Rules and legal action under provisions of the Police Order 2002 against the delinquent officials.
- Surprise inspections of police stations are being conducted and delinquent officers are being punished.
- Transfer/posting record system.
- Development of district website daily crime report system.
- Installation of Web-based IGP's Khuyli Katchehry Software interlinked.
- Driving licensed system.
- Human Resource Management System Established.

Financial Aid to Police Force and Widows:

During the current financial year, special attention was paid to the welfare of the police force and the maintenance for widows Rs. 5,40,000/- in 44 cases.

b) Welfare of widows of martyrs of Police force.

This important aspect of the welfare of the force is never ignored and on the eve of Eid-Day and 23 March in the year 2017-18, an amount Rs.5,36,000/- was distributed to widows/legal heirs of 28 Martyrs of police force.

c) Educational Scholarships for the children of employees.

During the current financial, an amount of Rs. 10,70,471/- was paid to college going children of the police employees which has boosted up the morale of the force and encouraged the students.

INSPECTION SCHEDULE:

- Inspection schedule is being implemented in true spirit.
- DPO/SDPOs are observing the schedule of informal inspection as under:
- Informal Inspection of one PS of any Sub-Division once a week by the DPO
- Informal inspection of all the PSs of a Sub-Division by the respective SDPOs in a month.

STEPS TAKEN TO RAISE THE IMAGE AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY:

- Pro-active policing.
- Close public contacts through open Katcheries.
- Open door policy to ensure redressal of grievances of public at all levels.
- Establishment of PCA (Police complaint Authority).
- Regular Darbars in police lines to motivate police force.
- Establishment of Resuce-15 centers at BWP, HSP, APE & Yazman.
- Training programme to train police officials on practical aspects of policing in police lines (raids patrolling, nakabandies weapons handling).
- Improvement of Traffic Discipline.
- Firing practice to 45 % of total Force.
- Distribution of cash rewards in Darbars.
- Installation of computers containing records of stolen vehicles/motor-cycles at Rescue-15 Center, Pull Pacca.
- Improve courtesy, behaviour and professionalism with more emphasis during training and service delivery.

- Display the code of conduct statement in all our Police Stations.
- Arranging of walks and holding of open Katcheries.
- Establishment of Reporting Crime Centers in each Police Station.
- Getting feedback from the public through comment cards and comment boxes.
- Increase the level of interaction and co-operation with the community and other agencies.
- Front Desk established at PS Level.

MOTIVATION OF POLICE FORCE:

- To ensure the best possible security to life property and honour of the people through effective Crime Control. Strategy interaction to ensure maintenance of Public Order. Through Professionalism, dedication
- Merit based transparent reward system
- Posting/transfer on the basis of performance
- Welfare-oriented project like scholarships for the sons/daughters, dowry funds, schools bus
- Ensure better living conditions/environments
- Establishment of Canteen in Police Lines
- Provisions of proper mess facilities
- Monthly DARBAR to be held regularly
- Monthly meeting with the official staff

STRATEGY TO IMPROVE PERFORMANCE:

1. Community policing.
Fixation of time by SHOs and SDPOs for hearing public complaints
2. Revival of village headman and chowkidara system

3. Establishment of provisions of officials/residential
Accommodation
4. Refresher courses for upper and lower subordinates
Police pickets at vulnerable places
5. Increase in strength
6. Provision of officials/residential accommodation
7. Provision of sophisticated long ranged arms and ammunition and other
modern gadgets
8. Shift System/decrease in duty hours

FINANCIAL RESOURCES

CODE / HEAD OF ACCOUNT	AVAILABLE
A01101-BASIC PAY	24,355,684
A01103-SPECIAL PAY	327,792
A01105-QUALIFICATION PAY	4,500
A01151-BASIC PAY	646,839,000
A01152-PERSONAL PAY	29,025
A01153-SPECIAL PAY	3,469,920
A01156-PAY OF CONTRACT STAFF	13,513,833
A01202-HOUSE RENT ALLOWANCE	53,329,658
A01203-CONVEYANCE ALLOWANCE	68,698,748
A01207-WASHING ALLOWANCE	3,041,200
A01208-DRESS ALLOWANCE	109,000
A0120D-INTEGRATED ALLOWANCE	100,100
A0120Q-FIXED DAILY ALLOWANCE	108,049,265
A01210-RISK ALLOWANCE	1,933,566
A01216-QUALIFICATION ALLOWANCE	150,500
A01217-MEDICAL ALLOWANCE	50,162,190
A0121A-AD - HOC ALLOWANCE - 2011	41,000
A0121M-ADHOC RELIEF ALLOWANCE - 2012	83,700
A0121N-PERSONAL ALLOWANCE	153,000
A0121T-ADHOC RELIEF ALLOWANCE 2013	116,100
A0121V-SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT ALLOWANCE	280,000
A0121Z-ADHOC RELIEF ALLOWANCE - 2014	132,600
A01224-ENTERTAINMENT ALLOWANCE	1,532
A01229-SPECIAL COMPENSATORY ALLOWANCE	756,700
A0122C-ADHOC RELIEF ALLOWANCE - 2015	199,416

A0122M-ADHOC RELIEF ALLOWANCE-2016	54,134,000
A01239-SPECIAL ALLOWANCE	644,310
A0123A-POLICE LAW AND ORDER ALLOWANCE	117,597,000
A01260-RATION ALLOWANCE	36,672,515
A01261-CONSTABULARY ALLOWANCE	13,391,230
A01270-OTHER	727,733
A01274-MEDICAL CHARGES	3,216,100
A03201-POSTAGE AND TELEGRAPH	118,000
A03202-TELEPHONE AND TRUNK CALL	6,118,300
A03301-GAS	79,000
A03303-ELECTRICITY	25,461,000
A03304-HOT AND COLD WEATHER CHARGES	216,000
A03402-RENT FOR OFFICE BUILDING	669,000
A03407-RATES AND TAXES	2,186,000
A03805-TRAVELLING ALLOWANCE	5,013,000
A03807-P.O.L CHARGES A.PLANES H.COPTORS S.CAR	93,129,000
A03901-STATIONERY	3,963,460
A03902-PRINTING AND PUBLICATION	1,996,426
A03905-NEWSPAPERS PERIODICALS AND BOOKS	132,000
A03907-ADVERTISING AND PUBLICITY	231,000
A03914-SECRET SERVICE EXPENDITURE	700,000
A03953-INVESTIGATION COST	4,889,000
A03955-COMPUTER STATIONERY	2,237,000
A03970-OTHERS	6,630,739
A04114-SUPERANNUATION ENCASHMENT OF L.P.R	54,953,000
A06103-CASH AWARDS	398,000
A13001-TRANSPORT	12,664,000
A13101-R & M OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	1,640,394
A13201-FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	637,860
